



Ecuador's progress towards the **SDGs - 2024** in figures



National Planning
Secretariat



EL NUEVO
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The statistical information contained in this publication is subject to updates according to its availability.

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NATIONAL DEVELOPMENT PLAN - 2030 AGENDA ALIGNMENT

101 of the 107 NDP
2024-2025 goals are
aligned to 2030 Agenda.

94,4%

of NDP goals

are aligned with the

SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS



Social Axis

National Objective 1: Improve the living conditions of the population in a comprehensive manner, promoting equitable access to health, housing and social well-being



National Objective 2: Promote the capabilities of citizens with equitable and inclusive education, promoting spaces for cultural exchange



National Objective 3: Guarantee integral safety, citizen peace, and transform the justice system respecting human rights



Economic Development Axis

National Objective 4: Stimulate the economic and public finance system to boost investment and trade relations



National Objective 5: Sustainable promotion of production by improving productivity levels



National Objective 6: Encourage the generation of decent employment



Infrastructure, Energy and Environment Axis

National Objective 7: Ensure the responsible use of natural resources with a sustainable environment



National Objective 8: Promote connectivity as a source of economic and sustainable development and growth



Institutional Axis

National Objective 9: Promote the construction of an efficient, transparent State oriented to social well-being



SECTORAL CABINETS



Social AXIS

Social Sector Cabinet

- Ministry of Economic and Social Inclusion
- Ministry of Education
- Ministry of Health
- Ministry of Urban Development and Housing
- Ministry of Culture and Heritage
- Ministry of Sports
- Ministry of Telecommunications
- Ministry of Women and Human Rights
- Management of Nationalities and Indigenous Peoples Secretariat
- Higher Education, Science, Technology and Innovation Secretariat
- Ecuador Grows without Chronic Malnutrition Secretariat

Security Sector Cabinet

- Ministry of National Security
- Ministry of Defense
- Ministry of Government
- Strategic Intelligence Center
- National Irrigation Secretariat
- Ministry of Correctional Services Act
- ECU 911 Integrated Security Service



Economic Development AXIS

Productive development Sector Cabinet

- Ministry of Production, Foreign Trade, Investments and Fisheries
- Ministry of Agriculture and Livestock
- Ministry of Tourism
- Public Banking
- Ministry of Labor
- The Internal Revenue Service
- Customs Authority
- Public Procurement Service



Infrastructure, Energy and Environment AXIS

Infrastructure, energy and environment Sector Cabinet

- Ministry of Public Works and Transportation
- Ministry of Energy and Mines
- Ministry of Environment, Water and Ecological Transition
- Investment Secretariat



Institutional AXIS

Institutional Sector Cabinet

- Public Administration Secretariat
- Ministry of Economy
- Ministry of Foreign Affairs
- Ministry of Labor
- National Secretariat of Planning

SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS



**Decrease in 1.5 percentage point**

the national **income poverty** between June 2023 (27.00%) and June 2024.

650,400
people

have benefited from the Human Development Bonus.

Ecuador has the perfect climate for growing roses, with a cultivation capacity of 900 MMUSD, with 92 thousand tons of exports in 2023.



118,871
pregnant women and children received the "1,000-day bonus".



110,535

children under 2 years old

and pregnant women were attended in the Child Development Centers and through the "Growing with Our Children" program.



305,197

older adults in poverty and extreme poverty benefited from the "My Best Years Pension".



264,858

families in extreme poverty

with members under 18 years of age have benefited from the Human Development Bonus with Variable Components.

1,706

families

obtained social and/or public housing.



71,861

individuals with disabilities

in situations of poverty and extreme poverty were enabled for a monthly transfer of USD 100.



The multidimensional poverty decreased by 2.71 percentage points from 2018 to 2023, reaching 36.92%. The urban area records 23.37% while the rural sector stands at 65.95%. By ethnic self-identification, white people have the lowest level of poverty, whereas indigenous people have the highest level at 80.64%.



76,794

children under 2 years old

and pregnant women were attended in Child Development Centers and through the "Growing with Our Children" program.



178,805

people

were trained in the Schools of Economic Inclusion and Schools of Employability and Self-employment (2021 - 2023).



270,573

families

in extreme poverty with children under 18 years old benefited from the Human Development Bonus with Variable Components.



621,861

People benefited

from the Human Development Bonus.

84,579

pregnant women and children received the "1,000-day bonus".



303,821

older adults in poverty and extreme poverty benefited from the "My Best Years Pension".



3,816

children and adolescents

were removed from child labor situations.



1,985

entrepreneurs

were involved in commercial activities. Total sales: **USD 724,247.60** (2021 - 2023).



10,515

young people have entered

to the process of strengthening capacities for youth economic inclusion (2021 - 2023).



The prevalence of chronic malnutrition among children under two years old **decrease from 20.10% in 2023 to 19.30% in 2024.**



USD 127.34

million in agricultural public credit was placed to foster the growth of agricultural production, through 21,839 operations.



6,886

Peasant Family Agriculture (PFA) producers

participated in 307 Alternative Marketing Circuits for the negotiation and direct sale of PFA products (jun 2024).



219,989

children under 2 years old have updated their preventive health exams,

including well-child checkups (addressing nutritional issues), and their birth registration recorded in the civil registry.



186 producers and 10 associations

were authorized to use the Peasant Family Agriculture Seal.



Executive Decree No. 120

to insuance the General Regulation of the Law to Prevent and Reduce Food Loss and Waste and Alleviate Hunger Among Food-Insecure Populations was issued in January 2024.

Ecuador is the third largest exporter of cacao and the first exporter of cacao fine aroma in the world, with 362 thousand Tn in 2023. This represents a fundamental basis of Ecuadorian agriculture.



500

producers participated

in the MAG 2024 Agropductive Fair, in order to strengthen the country's beekeeping sector.



2,743

producers

from Peasant Family Agriculture (PFA) strengthened their capacities in sustainable production techniques through the Learning Communities methodology.



4,065

families

have benefited from the FOF Project 'Future of Food', which aims to improve family income and food security through agroecological production.



20.10% of children under two years old present a prevalence of chronic malnutrition, 18.90% in urban areas and 21.90% in rural areas. Of these, 23.50% are boys and 16.50% are girls.



The percentage of associated producers registered as PFAs linked to marketing systems **increased from 4.00% to 33.70%** between 2020 and 2023.

**6,982****Peasant Family Agriculture (PFA) producers**

participated in 335 Alternative Marketing Circuits for the negotiation and direct sale of PFA products (dec 2023).

**193,867****children under 2 years old have updated their preventive health exams,**

including well-child checkups (addressing nutritional issues), and their birth registration recorded in the civil registry.

427**producers**

were authorized to use the Peasant Family Agriculture Seal.

**34,859****producers benefited**

through the delivery of 103,212 seed technology packages and technical assistance by 2022.

**0.53 kg more and
1.38 cm. taller**

have one-year-old children who attend Child Development Centers compared to those who do not attend. For three-year-old children, there is a significant difference in height, with those who do not attend being 1.22 cm smaller.

**1,871****producers benefited from technology packages**

to improve the production of non-traditional crops.

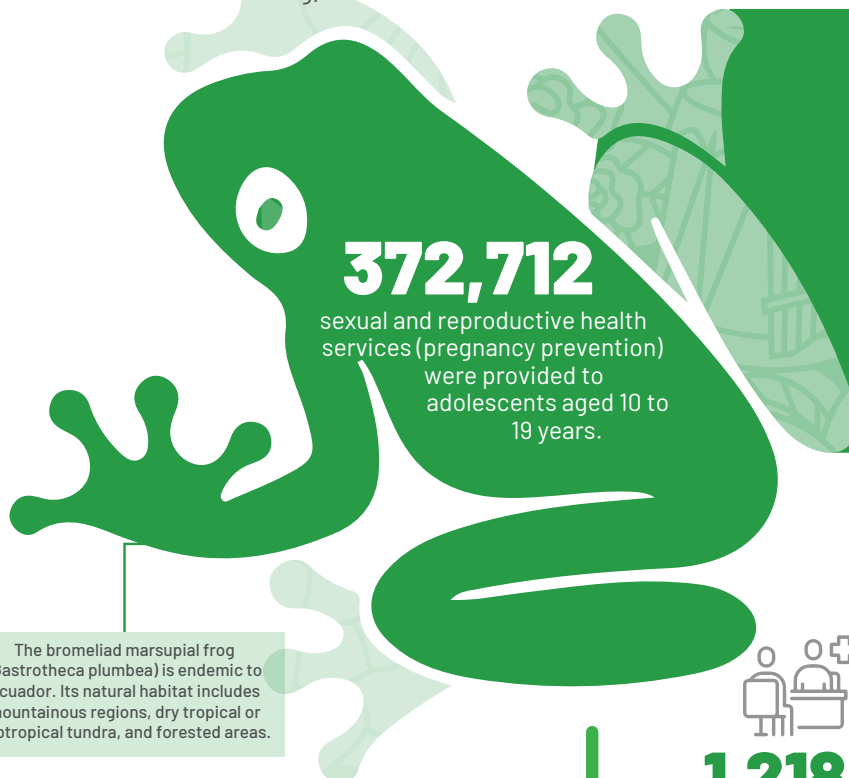
**73,394**

children under 24 months of age received the "prioritized package" (prenatal control, "well child" control, vaccination and counseling).



As of June 2024, 90.204 individuals attended their first family planning consultation in the health facilities of the Ministry of Public Health, representing a **10.42%** more than in June 2023.

Also in June 2024, 109.844 individuals attended their first consultation in the elderly in the health facilities of the Ministry of Public Health, representing **5.38%** more than in June 2023.



The bromeliad marsupial frog (*Gastrotheca plumbea*) is endemic to Ecuador. Its natural habitat includes mountainous regions, dry tropical or subtropical tundra, and forested areas.

372,712

sexual and reproductive health services (pregnancy prevention) were provided to adolescents aged 10 to 19 years.

**48,472**

first consultations for well-child check-ups (<5 years old) have been provided.

**11,867**

doses of pneumococcal vaccine have been administered to children.

107,133

doses of rotavirus vaccine have been administered to children.

540,110

boys and girls between 9 and 14 years old have been vaccinated against HPV. This year is the first time that 9-year-old boys have been included to the regular schedule.

**1,218**

new professionals have joined the health sector.

184
ambulances

171 delivered
13 to come
USD 26.47 million

33,550

users have benefited from health services for people with disabilities.

106,639

women have received their prenatal check-ups as part of the prioritized package benefits.

**41,002** people living with HIV

have received antiretroviral treatment in 51 Comprehensive Care Units of the Ministry of Public Health.



The neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) decreased from 6.05 to 5.44 deaths between 2018 and 2021. The maternal mortality ratio (per 100,000 live births) decreased from 41.10 to 33.90 between 2018 and 2022. Ecuador is committed to strengthening the health system to improve these outcomes.

**25,748****children under
2 years old**

received the "prioritized package" (prenatal care, "healthy child" control, vaccination and counseling).

**77,102****pregnant
women comply**

with the prioritized package (prenatal care, well-child care, vaccination and counseling).

304,720

**sexual and
reproductive health
services
(pregnancy
prevention) were
provided to
adolescents aged
10 to 19 years.**

**216**

**pediatricians were
incorporated to
strengthen
attention for
588,264 children
under two years of
age, and 249,026
pregnant women.**

**393,809**

**sexual and
reproductive
health services
(comprehensive
approach) were
provided to
adolescents aged
10 to 19 years.**

232,177**doses**

of the third pneumococcal vaccine were administered to children under one year of age.

193,500**doses**

of second MMR vaccine were administered to one-year-old children (12-23 months).

**90,000****women were screened
with molecular tests**

for human papillomavirus genotype, focusing on those aged 16 to 18 years and women between 30 and 65 years.

**39,099****people living
with HIV**

have received antiretroviral treatment in 50 Comprehensive Care Units of the Ministry of Public Health.



The curriculum has been expanded to include subjects such as education for sustainable development, financial education, socioemotional education, education for road safety and sustainable mobility, and civic education.

The **National Policy** for Reading, Orality and Access to Books in Ecuador was issued



The Early Childhood Education

program has been developed and will be offered at 25 Public Higher Education Institutes, recognizing the crucial role of cognitive, praxic, and emotional development in children from 0 to 5 years old.

17,062

Children, adolescents, young people, adults and older adults have been reinserted into the National Education System.

The geranium, a plant native to Africa, was introduced during the colonial era and has adapted extraordinarily to the climate of Ecuador. It is now the emblematic flower of Quito.



3,244

professors

participated in the Training Plan to strengthen the capacities of public higher education institutes and conservatories.



80,000

scholarships have been granted nationwide to pursue higher education programs.



3.20 million

students benefited from school textbooks (coast and sierra region).



2.70

million students

benefit from food rations.



6,651

students with educational delay have received individualized attention.



1,916

new students with disabilities have been enrolled in the National Education System.



8,803

scholarships have been granted through international cooperation for Ecuadorians to pursue studies abroad.



94,207

citizens have accepted a place to start their higher education studies, of which 33,699 belong to families in a situation of poverty and extreme poverty.



The digital illiteracy rate decreased by 3.07 percentage points, reaching 7.61% in 2023. The rate is 2.79% in urban areas and 19.40% in rural areas. By ethnic self-identification, "mestizos" have the lowest level of illiteracy, while indigenous people have the highest level at 32.23%.

abc
-x+=

1,048,866 Basic General Education students accessed leveling programs in mathematics and literacy (2022).



13,791
children and adolescents were reintegrated into the National Education System.

2,784

scholarships were awarded under the National Scholarship Postgraduate Program (Master's degrees).

593

scholarships awarded in the scholarship program to strengthen human talent in health (specialization and medical sub specialization areas).



3.20 million

of Basic General Education students benefited from the distribution of school textbooks.



2.80 million

of Basic General Education students benefited from food rations.



9,060 students

in conditions of educational backwardness received individualized attention.



2,688

new students with disabilities joined the National Education System.



During the 2023-2024 school year. Enrollment in Basic General Education reached

94.88%
at the national level.



During the 2023-2024 school year, high school enrollment at national level was

82.81%



The national femicide rate per 100.000 women **decreased by 16.67%** in the January-June 2024 period compared to the same period in 2023.

The Chocó Toucan (*Ramphastos brevis*), officially declared the emblematic bird of Pichincha Province, is a vibrant and colorful avian species.



A public policy on the eradication of sexual violence in schools was declared a priority and comprehensive part of the overall strategy.

107,947

services were provided to 12.650 women, children and adolescents who were victims of violence in Comprehensive Care Centers and Shelters.



5,862

women, children and adolescents who experienced gender-based violence received assistance through "violet centers".



Ecuador is the first country in Latin America to implement policies promoting gender equality in the workplace through the **'Purple Seal' initiative**.

This distinction will be awarded to public and private companies that contribute to the economic, productive, and industrial growth of our country with a gender focus.



60% of ministries are headed by women in 2024, in the current government. This represents a 35 percentage point increase compared to the previous government.



Ecuador ranks 16th (out of 146 countries)

in the Gender Gap Index (WEF) in 2024, which represents a 34-position improvement compared to 2023. This due to the implementation of policies to promote equality and eliminate gender gaps in the country.



686

public officials participated in awareness-raising actions to prevent discrimination against the LGBTI+ population in public institutions.



18,186

women, girls, and adolescents who experienced gender-based violence received assistance through the Comprehensive Protection Service



350

entrepreneurs graduated from the first edition of the "Entrepreneurship with Inclusion and Without Discrimination 2024" Training Program.



The national femicide rate per 100,000 women increased from 0.91 to 1.14 between 2022 and 2023. However, a trend reversal was observed in 2024.



8 "Violet Centers"

were established as comprehensive care centers that contribute to the recognition, guarantee, and restoration of the human rights of women, girls, boys, and adolescents with the aim of achieving gender equality.



76,822

women, children, and adolescents received

legal advice, psychological therapy, and social work services.



9,906

women, children and adolescents who experienced gender-based violence received assistance through "violet centers".



Equality plans were implemented

in companies and public institutions to promote women's hiring.



Protocols to combat

workplace violence and harassment were developed and implemented.



"The Rural Women Strategy"

was established, alongside an intersectoral strategy for rural women.

**1.03 million****people have benefited**

from new financial resources for new water and sanitation projects.

Over

4,500**families have benefited**

from 10 irrigation projects, which include construction, rehabilitation, and improvement works.

Decrease of 6.17 percentage points

in 2024 compared to 2023 (36.67%) of households that have children under 5 years old infected with the E. coli bacteria

33**water protection areas**

were delimited and established by the Single Water Authority (MAATE)



The Binational Agreement for the Integrated Management of Transboundary Water Resources of the Transboundary Basins shared between Ecuador and Peru was signed.

Ecuador is home to over 500 species of butterflies, distributed across altitudes ranging from 0 to 5,000 meters above sea level. These butterflies inhabit páramos, Andean forests, cloud forests, and tropical forests.

**USD 9.25 million**

investment in technological irrigation projects in the following provinces of Ecuador:

BOLÍVAR	\$ 608,691.25
COTOPAXI	\$ 441,301.35
EL ORO	\$ 281,330.09
GUAYAS	\$ 379,037.50
IMBABURA	\$ 243,300.87
LOJA	\$ 413,882.41
LOS RÍOS	\$ 1,030,836.12
MANABÍ	\$ 3,041,177.92
SANTA ELENA	\$ 2,113,788.44
TUNGURAHUA	\$ 696,419.85

**25.88**

hectares modernized with parcel irrigation systems, benefiting 22 producer families.

**668**

authorizations of water for human consumption have been granted.

**3,02 million****people have benefited**

from completed projects that provide safe drinking water.

11**pre-feasibility****studies for small-scale and medium-scale farmers were conducted in 2022,**

focusing on technical parcel irrigation. These studies cover approximately 1,050 hectares and would benefit 1,019 families by improving productivity.

**USD 124.52**

million was disbursed for projects related to potable water, sewerage, landfills, and other initiatives.

264,039.89**hectares of the national territory**

are under preventive guarantees and water resource protection mechanisms.

**4,087****small and medium-scale producers**

were trained in 29 technical parcel irrigation subprojects.

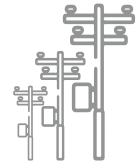
**740,000****inhabitants of the Ecuadorian Amazon**

have benefited from the Regional Project for Integrated Water Resources Management of the Amazon River Watershed.

**252,717**hectares have been delimited within
28 Water Protection Areas
(WPAs).



In the first quarter of 2024, the government presented the Solar Map, which corresponds to a study on the country's solar photovoltaic potential, as well as a portfolio of seven prioritized renewable energy generation projects.



There is

7,182.68 MW

of effective power in the National Interconnected System of Ecuador, as of April 2024.

There are
6,966.95 [MVA]
of installed power in
distribution substations



17.9 million

million inhabitants have
access to electricity.

Handwoven from the fibers of the Toquilla palm, the Panama hat, native to the coastal regions of Ecuador and the Montuvia culture, is a symbol of exquisite craftsmanship.



1,920,539.01

Barrels of Oil Equivalent (BOE) of fuel savings due to the Optimization of Electric Generation and Energy Efficiency in the Hydrocarbons Sector from January to June 2024.



26,044.93
GWh

supply of electric energy from
renewable sources (2023);



25,348.95 GWh
Hydroelectric



366.83 GWh
Biomass



36.68 GWh
Biogas



220.10 GWh
Wind energy



73.37 GWh
Solar



1,310 pollution sources were eliminated, and 1,619,984 cubic meters of soil were remediated because of hydrocarbon activities up to 2023.



**2,650
thousand**

**barrels of oil
equivalent
(kBOE)**

were saved
in fossil fuel
consumption
through energy
efficiency
measures. 76,004
users took
advantage of this
action.



Nationwide

99.30%
of households

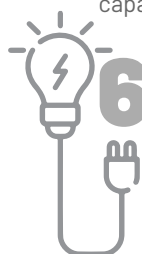
have access to electricity,
with urban areas reaching
99.95% and rural areas at
97.83%.



307.76

watts per capita of renewable
energy generation:

The installed electrical power
capacity in Ecuador is



6,958.35 [MVA]
megavolt-amperes



294.46
hydraulics



8.19
biomass



0.47
biogas



1.63
photovoltaic



3.01
wind

**Exports**

FOB (billions of US dollars)

	JUN 2023	% VAR	JUN 2024
Total exports	15.15	↑ 11.83%	16.95
Non-traditional exports	4.68	↑ 5.91%	4.96

Volume (thousands metric tons)

	JUN 2023	% VAR	JUN 2024
Total exports	15,530	↑ 6.95%	16,610
Non-traditional exports	1,942	↑ 7.12%	2,080

**USD 29.54 billion**

was Ecuador's GDP in the first quarter of 2024 which is **1.16% higher** than the first quarter of 2023.

**USD 96.11 billion**

in local sales from January to June 2024.

165,960

New Jobs Created
from June 2023 to
June 2024

**3,331**

people benefited
from labor rights
counseling.

**USD 2.13 million**

were placed in 117 credits for
tourism SMEs, at a subsidized
interest rate of 5%.

Approximately 4,000 orchid species have been described in Ecuador, of which 1,700 are considered endemic. They typically grow at an average altitude of 100 to 400 meters.

**7,087**

labor inspections were
carried out to promote
decent work and
employment.

**USD 3.56 billion**

were placed in credits by public
financial institutions.

**28,214**

people received free training,
through partnerships with the
private sector, in administrative
areas, services, and
technological issues.



The adequate employment rate (15 years and over) increased by 3.8 percentage points from 2021 to 2023, reaching 36.31%. Men have a higher rate at 41.79%, compared to 29.09% for women. By self-identified ethnicity, white people have the highest level of adequate employment, while indigenous people have the lowest at 14.12%.



2.18 million
people are employed

under a formal
employment relationship
at the national level.



66,718
people

are employed in the
public sector.



86,149
young people

between 18 and 29 years old
accessed formal employment
between 2021 and 2023.

16,348

individuals participated in tourism
value chain topics through the
Emprende Turismo program,
utilizing the Moodle e-learning
platform.



3 million people

in Ecuador have a suitable job.



A total of

26,374

public employees, workers, and individuals received
gender mainstreaming training between 2021 and 2023.



Issuance of the National Circular Economy Strategy approved by the ecosystem actors.

The Guayaquil parrot, which lives in the wild state of the State Road Network western Ecuador, inhabits humid tropical forests and the dry coastal region of Ecuador.



State Road

2,417 km

of the State Road Network are managed with sustainable management models.

1,855 km

of the State Road Network are managed with a direct administration model, through periodic, routine, and emergency maintenance activities through 211 Road Conservation Associations (microenterprises).

More than 3,400 technical assistance services

have been provided by the Ministry of Production to support the development and consolidation of businesses



The "SMEs Ecuador" strategy, focused on markets, innovation, financing, and knowledge, supported

7,294
productive units.



More than 4,000 production units

have benefited from training in Quality Management Systems, BPM certification, and specific record formalization

6.4% increase of industrialized goods exports,

it means USD 170,60 million increase from January to June 2024, reaching USD 2,833.45 million compared to USD 2,662.85 million in the same period of 2023.



21

Bailey bridges

were acquired by the Government, representing

USD 4.90 million

As of June 2024, 6 bridges have been installed.

USD 3 million

from the venture capital fund were granted to 18 sustainable agricultural ventures.



1,580 SMEs

have participated in business and market development activities.



16,703 individuals have qualified as
"Master of Craft Workshop"



3,986

**productive units of SMEs and
entrepreneurs**

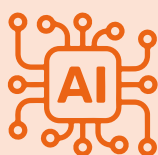
have participated in trade links, local
business rounds, festivals, demo days,
testing labs, bootcamps and speed
mentoring.



97%

of Ecuador's total exports

will have preferential access to
markets such as the Republic of China
and Costa Rica, through signed Trade
Agreements, and the Republic of Korea
through an upcoming trade agreement.



To date, actions implemented
concerning Artificial Intelligence
for achieving SDG 9 have reached
approximately

**4,000
people**

including experts, authorities,
academia, society civil members
and the general public.



2,417 km

of the State Road Network

are managed with
sustainable
management
models.



78.49%.

of the population is covered

by 4G technology at the national level,
with an increase of 31.59 percentage
points of 2018 to 2023.



**Manufacturing employment as a proportion
of total employment:**



10.07%
National



12.19%
Urban



6.12%
Rural



10.98%
Men



8.84%
Women



As of June 2024, the national Gini coefficient decreased to 0.456 compared to 0.467 in June 2023.



447
juvenile offenders
participated in rehabilitation
programs that included
carpentry, beekeeping,
cabinetry, painting, baking, and
other vocational training.

The Hummingbird (blue-bellied violet-eared), a specie of the Trochilidae family. Inhabits the Andes Mountains and the edges of humid jungles and open forests, at altitudes between 1,700 and 4,500 meters above sea level.



A total of

33,105

imprisoned individuals were able
to develop their skills in crafts,
textiles, food production,
metalworking, carpentry, and other
areas thanks to the "ENKANA"
trademark registration.

26,024

older adults have benefited
from inclusion and social
participation services, social
protection, and care
provided between January
and July 2024

18,308

Human Development Credits
between January and June
2024 (USD 15.78 million
granted), it represents
3.41% higher than the
same period in 2023

In an effort to regularize immigration status:



1,203

visas were issued to
foreign nationals from
different countries, excluding
Venezuela.



27,893

visas were provided to
Venezuelan citizens and
their families who had
entered the country without
proper documentation.

16



LGBTI+ social
organizations were
officially recognized as civil
society organizations.



The proportion of people living below 50% of the median income has decreased from 19.19% in 2018 to 18.99% in 2023. The proportion is 12.66% in urban areas and 32.57% in rural areas.

**118,111****people in poverty**

have benefited from access to the Human Development Credit for investments and entrepreneurship, through BanEcuador (public bank) (2021 - 2023).

**102,855**

people with disabilities have developed capabilities and skills that enhance their autonomy and independence (2021 - 2023).



The Training School in "Gender and Leadership-Political Participation of Women" (CNIG-CNE) has been established.

**8,154****migrants have**

benefited for the refugee service in Ecuadorian territory (2021 - 2023).

**5,345**

people in poverty and vulnerability participated in 394 fairs designed to increase their income and financial inclusion.



The proportion of people living below 50% of the median income at the national level reaches 18.99%.

**12.66%**
Urban**32.57%**
Rural



207

**housing solutions
were completed**
on the beneficiary's own land
within the social housing
program.



343

land titles
were granted for
housing purposes.

Almost 52 types of corn
constitute a heritage of
agricultural and food 387
thousand hectares are
cultivated annually on the
coast, mountains and east
of Ecuador.



In January 2024, the
Comprehensive Disaster
Risk Management Law
was approved to
improve resilience in the
most vulnerable
communities in the face
of natural events.

101 local governments

have been trained in governance and
capacity building to enhance their
resilience to natural hazards.



785

Ecuadorian families
gained access to social housing.

13



**new parks
with inclusive**
recreational facilities are
currently under
construction nationwide.



USD 27.46 million

invested in housing projects during the first half of 2024, with the
goal of delivering 3,170 housing units across the country by the
end of the year



The housing deficit decreased from 58.01% in 2020 to 56.71% in 2023, with



47.04%
urban areas



78.63%
rural areas



221 Municipal Local Governments

have received technical support to promote the proper separation of solid waste at the source.



5,719 Social and public housing units

received incentives to improve or obtain land titles for occupied land. (2021-2023)

300

recyclers have earned Labor Competency Certification endorsed by the Ministry of Labor and registered with SENESCYT.

10,720

households are participating in sustainable waste management practices.



36

tons of inorganic waste

and 154 tons of organic waste have been responsibly disposed



Preparation and implementation of guidelines

for the application of Extended Producer Responsibility (EPR) in the management of out-of-use tires.



30,494 social and public interest homes have been

delivered with subsidized interest rates (2021 - 2023).



163 Companies have joined the Ecuador Zero Carbon Program

which promotes climate change mitigation actions by the productive and service sector through carbon footprint management.



35,807

PFA producers benefited from 931 commercial linkages, 2 wholesale trade meetings and 12 business roundtables, generating USD 9.53 million in sales.



8,704

farmers received agricultural machinery such as tractors, plows, harrows and multifunction tillers.

Chimborazo is the highest volcano in Ecuador and the highest point close to the Sun in the world, standing at 6,263 meters above sea level and 6,384 km measured from the Earth's center.



The National Strategy for Sustainable Production and Consumption is currently being developed.



USD 1,143.32 million in mining exports.



USD 167.97 million in tax revenues from the mining sector.



USD 73.99 million allocated in 886 inclusive financial processes, to support the Popular and Solidarity Economy, artisans, and micro and small productive units.



66

contamination sources

from the hydrocarbon industry were remediated by the state-owned operator and approved by the Water Resources Environmental Authority.



USD 95.71 million awarded in 4,076 processes

(Common and Special Regime) to suppliers registered in public procurement and with the Single Registry of Popular and Solidarity Economy.



A guide on best available techniques and good environmental practices to reduce mercury emissions and releases has been issued.



6.5% elimination of Hydrofluorocarbons (HFCs),

as part of the Plan for the Elimination of Substances that Affect the Ozone Layer.



385 Companies have joined the Ecuador Zero Carbon Program

which promotes climate change mitigation actions by the productive and service sector through carbon footprint management. This program allows the reporting commitments and access to environmental and tax incentives (2021 - 2023).



2 Associations have been awarded the

Deforestation-Free Green Initiative badged by the government including, Artisanal Agricultural Association of Organic Producers Cuencas del Río Mayo and the Agroartisanal Association of Organic Producers of Palanda and Chinchipe.



USD 3,099.13 million

worth of mining products exported by 2023.



USD 762.72 million

collected from mining activities, including support activities for mining and quarry exploitation, as well as the manufacture of non-metallic products (such as cement, glass and ceramics).



1 Project Eco-Advance

seeks to contribute to climate change mitigation, biodiversity protection, and resource conservation through the establishment of product standards and biodiversity-friendly consumption habits in Latin America.



1 Interinstitutional Agreement

to coordinate actions in order to generate mechanisms, instruments or policies that promote and facilitate the implementation of Sustainable Public Procurement in Ecuador by 2022.

**533**

people were trained
in the management of
electrical and
electronic waste.

**300**

people participated in **awareness
workshops on activities** to mitigate
the effects of climate change.

Ecuador is the world's leading
banana exporter, reaching
over than 68 export
destinations with 6.5 million
tons exported. It is grown
along the Ecuadorian coast.

**4,370**

people were trained and
raised awareness on climate
change adaptation issues.

15,000

hectares for
environmental
conservation through 10
Sustainable Use and
Mangrove Custody
Agreements.

**8**

documents on **Nationally Determined Contributions NDCs, long-term strategies, national adaptation plans and communications on adaptation**, were notified to the Secretariat of the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change.



The National Climate Change Mitigation Plan 2024-2070 was issued as a long-term strategy to reduce greenhouse gas emissions by 50% with respect to the base year 2018 and by 70% with respect to the trend scenario.



Ecuador is developing its **second NDC** to be submitted in early 2025.



Presentation of the **Gender and Climate Change Action Plan**.



The Vulnerability to climate change based on adaptation capacity decreased by 8.04 percentage points from 2020 to 2023, reaching 82.98%.



22

Climate Change projects were

implemented in the province of Esmeraldas, including activities to improve early warning systems.



8,066
people

(44% women) were strengthened in sustainable and deforestation-free production of coffee, cocoa, oil palm and livestock.

123 Ecuadorian initiatives



were presented in international forums to defend the rights of nature on environmental and sustainable development issues.



Implementation of
the National Climate Change Adaptation Plan.



Implementation of Climate Risk and Projections Information System

which include Adaptation to Climate Change measures and Ecuador Vulnerability Indicator.



Integration of the approach of human mobility

for environmental and climate-related reasons into the National Climate Change Adaptation Plan.



16,099

people benefited

from 5 Life Plans developed and approved by indigenous communities, linked to the territory and its environment.

**481,112****alevins**

were delivered to fish farmers
by June 2024, and 1.8 million
will be delivered by the end of 2024.

**3**

seabed cleaning activities
were carried out between
January and June 2024.

**3**

campaigns and mingas
for collecting solid waste in coastal
areas and beaches were organized
between January and June 2024.

**2,311**

fish farmers benefited
from the provision
of equipment.

Every year, between June and September, hundreds of humpback whales arrive from Antarctica to the Ecuadorians coasts, offering a magnificent spectacle for national and foreign tourists. These mammals travel approximately 8,000 kilometers in search of the warm currents that our country offers and which are ideal for their reproduction.

**24**

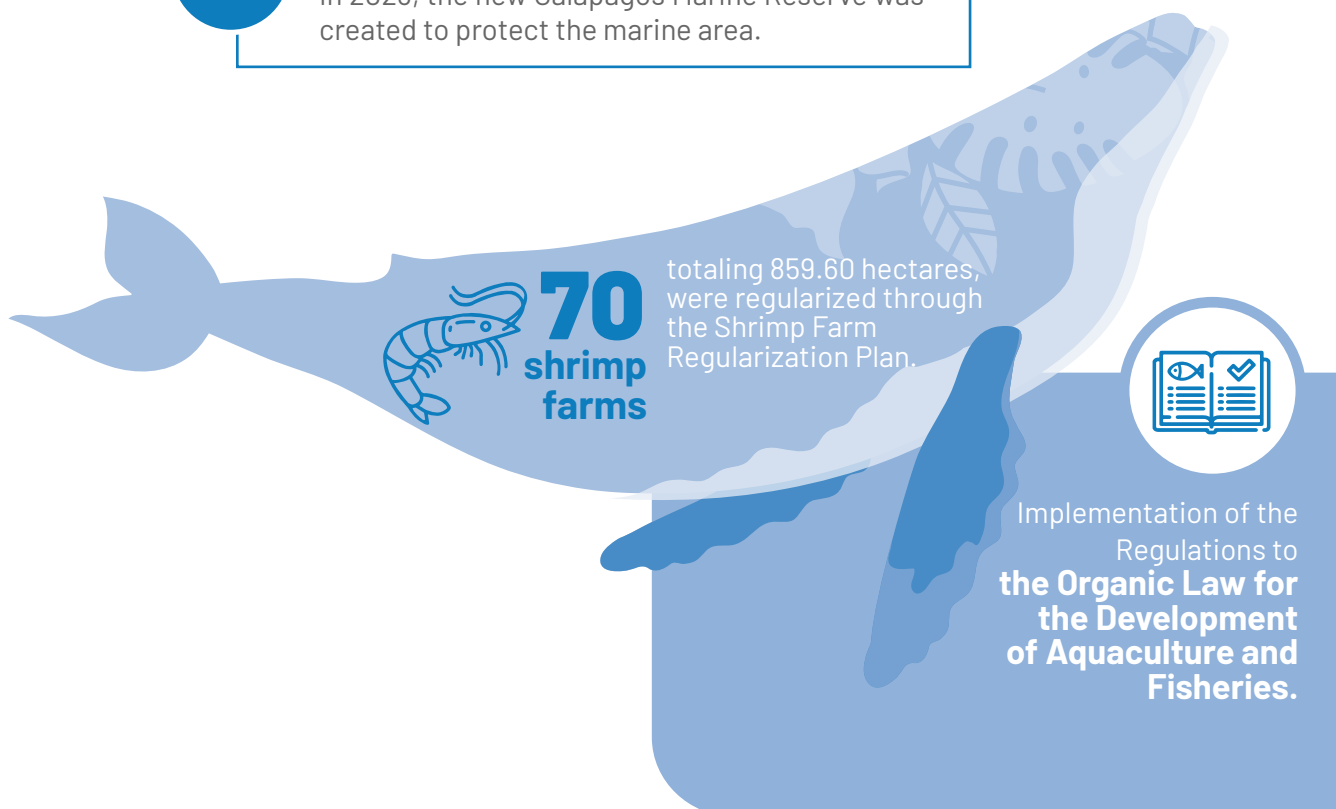
Sustainable Use and Custody Agreements for the Mangrove Ecosystem (AUSCEM) were signed. By granting AUSCEM to ancestral users of the Mangrove Ecosystem, they become custodians of a mangrove area and commit to maintaining, conserving, and protecting the mangrove ecosystem.



The Gross Value Added (GVA) indicator for Aquaculture and Fisheries reached USD 592,281 million in the first quarter of 2024, representing a 9.85% increase compared to the same quarter of 2023.



In 2023, the new Galapagos Marine Reserve was created to protect the marine area.



20.89
million

hectares of marine area are under environmental protection

In
2023

the Galapagos Life Fund (GLF) was created as a non-profit to manage debt-for-nature swap funds, which will be used to finance projects that protect and sustainably use the Galapagos Islands' natural resources.

Representing

79.67%

of the total protected area at the national level.

Mangroves in protected areas cover

99,979.21
hectares

**48.62%**of the national territory
is covered by forests.**47.80%**of important terrestrial
and freshwater
biodiversity sites are
covered by protected
areas.**23**licenses for the
exploitation of timber
forest products were
granted.Implementation of the flagship project
"National Forest and Wildlife Control
System" for the period 2022-2024.Galápagos tortoises are the largest in the world, reaching
up to 1.8 meters in length and weighing 300 kilograms.
They are also among the longest-lived vertebrates on
Earth, with lifespans that easily exceed 100 years.**177,847**

people

nationwide through the
Socio Bosque I and II
projects (economic
incentives for the protection
of forests and moorlands)**88**risk assessments
were conducted to
prevent biological
invasions.**30**wildlife control
operations were carried
out to reduce wildlife
trafficking rates in
Ecuador (specimens,
constituent parts, and
biological samples).Of the one million
cubic meters of
timber inspected,
5,000 cubic meters of
illegal timber were
retained.



The proportion of national territory under conservation or environmental management increased from 16.45% to 22.16% (2020 - 2023).

**15,023****hectares**

are under forest restoration processes in the Amazon.

**762.19****hectares**

were declared as conservation areas under the "Protective Forests and Vegetation" mechanism (2021-2022).



National conservation initiatives protected

1.64**million hectares**
native ecosystem.**12.13****million hectares**

were monitored through the National Forest Monitoring System.

**175,341**
beneficiaries

were reached through the Socio Bosque I and II Projects, with an investment of USD 8.7 million.

**1.87 million cubic meters**

of timber intended for legal production processes were reviewed through the National Forest and Wildlife Control System project.

**280,214****beneficiaries** were reached through the National Landscape Restoration Plan.**37,153.11****hectares** were declared under the National System of Protected Areas.

**1,068**

public officials and members of civil society in general were trained in human rights and international humanitarian rights.

**136.70**

Tons substances classified as subject to control (SCSF) were seized.

**94**

public entities completed the implementation process of the Digital Citizen Contact system as a means of virtual attention.



18.64% reduction in the number of homicides from July 2023 to July 2024.

**3,501**

requests for immediate administrative government intervention to prevent or stop violence against women (Girls, Adolescents, Adults, Older Women).



40,528 reports filed for different crimes in the first half of 2024, representing a 16.37% decrease compared to 2023, when 48,459 reports were received.



In the first half of 2024, the Armed Forces contributed **66.89% to overall security.**



Reduction of

16.96%

in crimes against the right to property in a period from January to June, comparing the years 2023 and 2024.

The Middle of the World Monument aims to highlight the exact location of the Equator, from which the country takes its name, and to emphasize the 18th-century French-Spanish geodesic mission that approximated the site of the equatorial line.



Decree No. 111 to recognize the existence of an internal armed conflict in Ecuador, in January 2024, with the objective of coordinate actions to combat organized crime, criminal groups, and terrorist organizations.



Issuance of the "National Public Integrity Policy 2030" through Executive Decree 337, in July 2024.



The intentional homicide rate per 100,000 inhabitants increased from 5.86 to 45.11 between 2018 and 2023. However, 2024 marks the first year of a trend reversal, with a 17.44% decrease in homicides from May 2023 to May 2024.



210,783

requests for protective measures related to violence were received between 2020 and 2023.



Implementation of the **2019-2030 Action Plan Against Human Trafficking (PACTA)**.



Implementation of a Comprehensive Gender Policy within **specialized violence justice administration.**



656

technical assistance were provided to citizens, public employees, and authorities in citizen participation mechanisms between 2021 and 2023.



953

spaces for dialogue and reflection

were developed to foster citizen engagement in the fight against corruption, including awareness-raising and prevention efforts.



Implementation of the **Training School on Transparency and Anti-Corruption.**



429
activities

related to the mainstreaming of the intercultural approach in public entities between 2021 and 2023.



Private investment proposal of **USD 200 million** with a commitment to generate **2,649 jobs**.



2,001
services were provided

to exporters, potential exporters, actors in the popular and solidarity economy, and the general public.

The Andean condor is considered a symbol of spirituality and power by many Andean cultures and has historically inhabited the territories of South America. In Ecuador, it is considered the King of the Andes and an emblematic symbol of our nation.



USD 422.33
million

has been registered as income within the framework of the contributions established in the Organic Law to confront the Internal Armed Conflict.

48.00%

reached the public debt as a percentage of GDP in June 2024, a decrease of 2.76 percentage points compared to November 2023.



5,908

people participated in different training and/or capacity-building events on foreign trade and the generation of an exporting culture.

3,212

technical assistance to local governments and associative groups on Territorial Planning between January and June 2024



26 **international instruments**

were subscribed to promote the priorities of the National Government with special emphasis on development and security issues.



USD 405 million
in 4 Sovereign Guarantee

operations delivered to Local Governments in 2024.



The proportion of people using the internet increased by 13.51 percentage points from 2019 to 2023, reaching 72.69%. In urban areas it is 81.07% while in rural areas, it is 54.52%. By self-identified ethnicity, Indigenous people have the lowest proportion of internet users at 40%, while mestizos have the highest at 78.31%.



USD 700 million

from the DEG 497 program under the Extended Fund Facility (EFF) with the International Monetary Fund (IMF), provided to Ecuador for post-pandemic economic recovery.



120

cooperation agreements were
signed with the international community.



109

bilateral commitments

with neighboring countries were fulfilled with Colombia and Peru through Presidential and Binational Cabinet meetings.



USD 261.71 million in disbursements

were made under **Non-Reimbursable International Cooperation**, corresponding to the execution of international cooperation instruments negotiated with Bilateral Agencies, Multilateral International Organizations, and Foreign Non-Governmental Organizations.



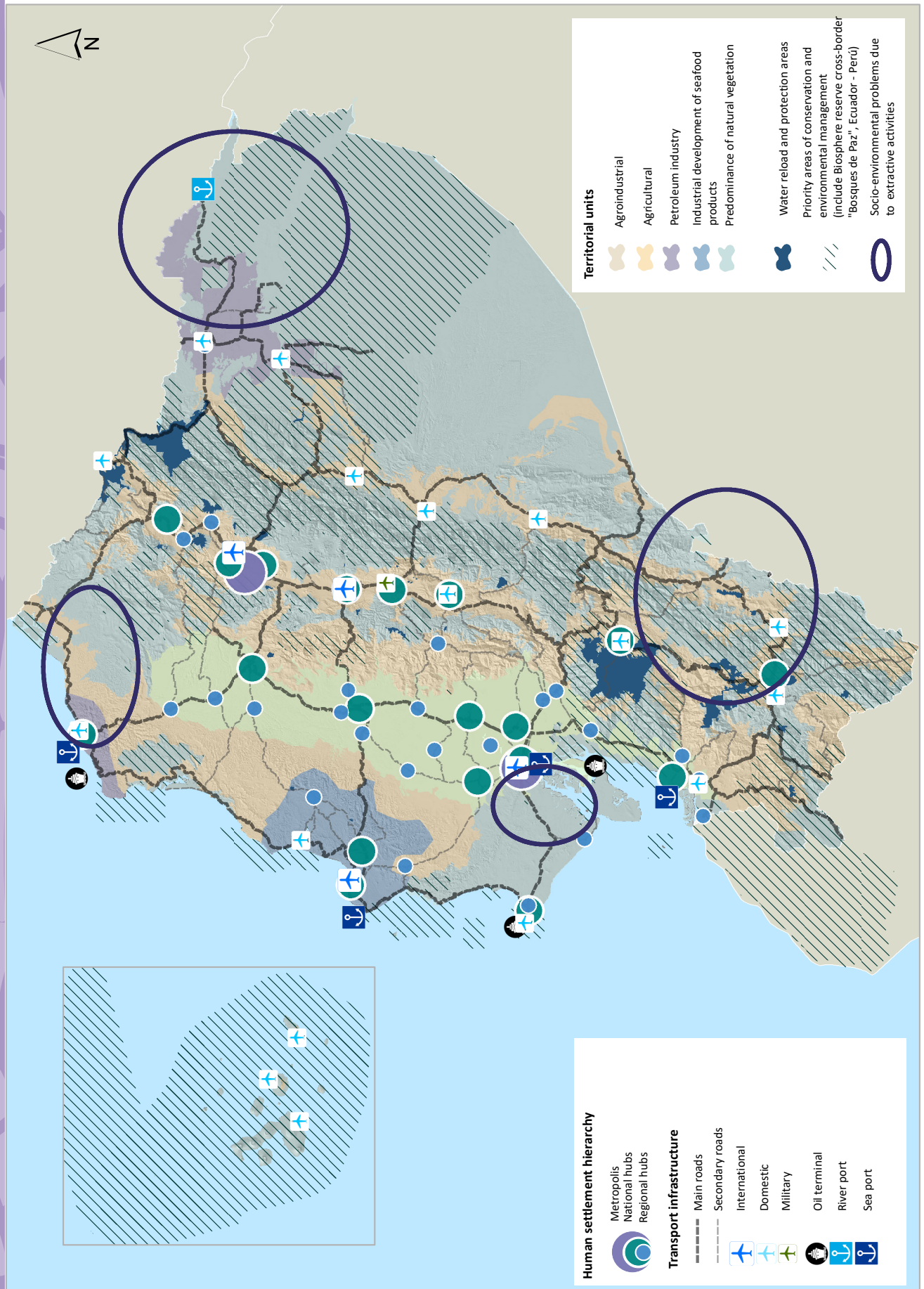
A framework Agreement for Interinstitutional Cooperation on Human Trafficking

was established between the Ministry of the Interior of the Republic of Ecuador and the Ministry of the Interior of the Republic of Peru.



Execution of the Global Network of Missing Children and Adolescents.

Integrated Territorial Planning Model





EL NUEVO
ECUADOR

National Planning
Secretariat



SUSTAINABLE
DEVELOPMENT
GOALS

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